

Answer some simple questions and enter your measurements below in inches.

Use the guides on the second page to accurately measure yourself

Height: _____

Weight: _____

Shoulders: (circle one) Slim Average Broad

Stomach: (circle one) Flat Average Rounded

Preferred Fit: (circle one) Relaxed Trim Skinny

Shoe Size: _____

Neck Size: _____

Shirt Sleeve Length: _____

Chest Measurement: _____

Overarm Measurement: _____

Waist Measurement: _____

Hip Measurement: _____

Outseam Measurement: _____

3 Types Of Fit

WHAT SUITS YOU BEST?

Good fitting garments that meet your expectations require an understanding of these basic fit types. Each one has its own benefits and characteristics. This guide illustrates the differences, features and benefits of the three fit types.

Tell us how you would like your outfit to look and feel, and we can adjust your sizes to accommodate your fit type.



A fuller fit that gives extra room and provides the most comfort, slight bagginess and no pulling.

A. The shoulder may slope slightly giving a relaxed appearance

B. The waist of the jacket has no pulls and should be relatively flat

C. The pant legs are full with room to move



A balanced fit that gives a trim look without excessive pulling or bagginess.

A. The shoulder is square and the sleeve is trim with minimal pulling

B. Suppression of the waist showing slight pulling at the button

C. The pant legs are trim with minimal pulling

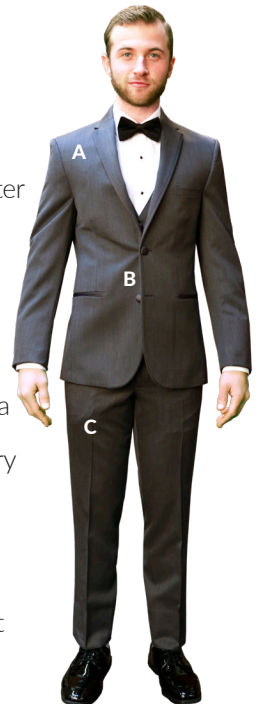


A very tight and shorter fit that emphasizes pulling and wrinkles associated with high fashion and provides the least comfort.

A. The shoulder is under sized, creating a bulge past the sleeve cap. The sleeve is very trim with noticeable pulling

B. Suppression of the waist showing pronounced pulling at the button

C. The pant legs are tight with pulling, pocket bags showing



SELF-FIT GUIDE

Please use the guides below to accurately measure yourself.

SHIRT MEASUREMENT GUIDE



NECK: Place tape around neck at the level where the shirt collar would button. With two fingers under the tape (index and middle fingers together) determine neck size. Take mental note of the measurement. Do not pull the tape too tight and be sure it is comfortable.



SHIRT SLEEVE LENGTH: Starting the tape just below the back of the neck at the center of the spine, place the tape over the shoulder and then down the arm over the elbow to a point of approximately 1" past the wrist bone. Always measure longer rather than short, since the sleeve button and/or cuff link will prevent the sleeve from being too long. Remember, our shirts end on the odd length only.



COAT AND PANT MEASUREMENT GUIDE



CHEST MEASUREMENT: Ask the gentlemen being measured to raise his arms outward to the side while you place the measuring tape under his arms, over the back shoulder blades, and over the broadest part of the chest. The gentlemen may then relax his arms while you hold the tape snug with two fingers under the tape.



OVERARM MEASUREMENT: Ask the gentlemen to keep his arms down at his side while you place the measuring tape exactly in the same place as the chest measurement you just took, but include the arms in this measurement.



WAIST MEASUREMENT: Place the tape around the gentlemen's waist just below the navel. This is the height at which formal trousers are worn. Make sure tape is snug and ask customer if this is comfortable for him. Asking the customer what trouser size he wears may confirm the waist size for you (unless the customer usually wears the waist very low).



HIP MEASUREMENT: Place tape around the broadest part of the hips. Make sure the tape is snug and over the widest part of the backside.



OUTSEAM MEASURING: With the customer standing straight, looking forward and legs slightly apart, place the start of the tape at the side of the waist level with the navel. Straighten the tape down the outside of the leg until you reach the bottom of the outside ankle bone. This is the correct outseam measurement to record. If the customer is wearing a dress shoe, measure to the floor and deduct 1 1/2".

